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**8K MILES SOFTWARE SERVICES (FZE)
SHARJAH - UNITED ARAB EMIRATES**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015**



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Ref: SPA/15-16/0003

Independent Auditors' Report

To

The Manager,
8K Milles Software Services (FZE)
Sharjah International Airport Free Zone,
Executive Desk, Q1-05-109/C,
P.O. Box: 513211,
Sharjah - United Arab Emirates

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **8K Milles Software Services (FZE)**, which comprise the balance sheet as at **31 March 2015** and the statement of income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity, statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance, whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, in our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **8K Miles Software Services (FZE), SAIF Zone, Sharjah – United Arab Emirates** as of **31 March 2015**, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Also, in our opinion, there were no contraventions during the year of the pursuant to Emiri Decree No. 2 of 1995 as applicable for business entities in SAIF Zone, Sharjah, which might have materially affected the financial position of the Establishment or the result of its operations for the year.


P Sriganesh
(Reg No.601)
Managing Partner
SPA AUDITING
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
DUBAI – UNITED ARAB EMIRATES



09 April 2015

Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 31st March 2015

	Note	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
Revenue	13	10,146,588	5,492,288
Direct Expenses	14	(4,843,353)	(3,555,243)
		5,303,235	1,937,045
Administrative expenses	15	(979,375)	(235,513)
Amortization expenses	16	(744,187)	-
Financial charges		(1,450)	(1,200)
Net Profit for the year		3,578,223	1,700,332

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The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial statements.

The Report of the Auditors is set out on pages 1 and 2.

The financial statements on pages 3 to 15 were approved and signed on 09 April 2015.



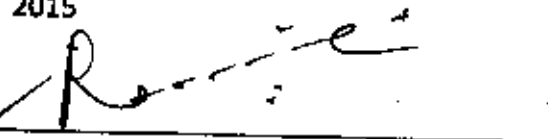
Manager
8K Miles Software Services (FZE)

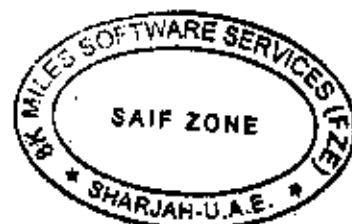


Statement of Financial Position
As on 31st March 2015

	Note	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash on hand and at bank	6	165,125	112,545
Trade receivables	7	2,959,435	826,875
Other receivables and prepayments	8	20,625	20,625
Total Current assets		3,145,185	960,045
Non-Current Assets			
Capital Work – in - Progress		2,818,448	
Intangible Assets	16	4,217,063	4,961,250
Total Assets		10,180,696	5,921,295
Liabilities and Proprietor's Equity			
Trade Payables	9	874,778	341,500
Accrued expenses	10	285,400	137,500
		1,160,178	479,000
Total Liabilities		1,160,178	479,000
Equity			
Capital		150,000	150,000
Current Account	11	35,800	35,800
Retained Earnings	12	8,834,718	5,256,495
Total Equity		9,020,518	5,442,295
Total Liabilities and Proprietor's Equity		10,180,696	5,921,295

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial statements
The Report of the Auditors is set out on pages 1 and 2.
The financial statements on pages 3 to 15 were approved and signed on 09 April
2015


Manager



Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity
For the year ended 31st March 2015

	Share Capital AED	Shareholder's Current Account AED	Retai ned Earni ngs AED	Total AED
As at 1 April 2013	150,000	35,800	3,556,163	3,741,963
<u>Changes in Shareholders' Equity:</u>				
Net Profit for the year	-	-	1,700,332	1,700,332
As at 31 March 2014	150,000	35,800	5,256,495	5,442,295
<u>Changes in Shareholders' Equity:</u>				
Net Profit for the year	-	-	3,578,223	3,578,223
As at 31 March 2015	150,000	35,800	8,834,718	9,020,518

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial statements
The Report of the Auditors is set out on pages 1 and 2.

Statement of Cash flows
For the year ended 31st March 2015

	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
	AED	AED
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net Profit for the year	3,578,223	1,700,332
Amortization	744,187	
Operating profit before changes in Operating assets and liabilities	4,322,410	1,700,332
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	533,278	(403,375)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued expenses	147,900	104,140
(Increase)/decrease in Trade Receivables	(2,132,560)	2,866,500
(Increase)/decrease in Other Receivables	-	882,000
Cash from operating activities	2,871,028	5,067,597
Cash flows in investing activities:		
Capital Work In Progress	(2,818,448)	
Intangible Assets	-	(4,961,250)
Net cash (used in) from Investing activities	(2,818,448)	(4,961,250)
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents	52,580	347
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	112,545	6,198
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	165,125	112,545
Represented by:		
Cash at Bank	165,125	112,545
NOTE 6	165,125	112,545

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Financial statements
The Report of the Auditors is set out on pages 1 and 2.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

1 Legal status and business activity:

- 1.1 **8K Miles Software Services (FZE)**, Sharjah – United Arab Emirates (“the Establishment”) was incorporated on March 14, 2011 and operates as a Free Zone Establishment with Limited Liability in the United Arab Emirates, under a service license issued by the Sharjah Airport International Free Zone, Sharjah.
- 1.2 The main activities of the Establishment are providing IT Services & Solutions.
- 1.3 The registered office of the Establishment is located at Executive Desk Q1-05-109/C, P O Box 513211, SAIF Zone, Sharjah, UAE
- 1.4 The management and control of the establishment is vested with Mr. Ramani Rama Subramani.
- 1.5 These financial statements incorporate the operating results of Service license No.09147.

2 Capital:

The authorized, issued and paid up share capital of the Establishment is AED 150,000 divided into 150 shares of AED 1,000 each. The shares are entirely held by M/s.8K Miles Software Services Ltd, India

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Establishment have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

3.2 Basis of Preparation

3.3 Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

The following new and revised standards including amendments thereto and interpretations which became effective for the current reporting year have been adopted. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements but may affect the financial reporting for future transactions or arrangements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

IAS 27: Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
IAS 32: Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues
IAS 39: Financial Instruments
IFRS 1: First Time Adoption of IFRS
IFRS 2: Share Based Payment - Group Cash settled Share Based Payment Transactions
IFRS 3: Business Combinations
IFRS 5: Non Current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
IFRIC 17: Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners
IFRIC 18: Transfer Assets from customers

The Establishment has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

	Effective for annual years
<u>New and revised IFRSs beginning on or after</u>	
Amendments to IFRS 1 relating to <i>Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters</i>	1 July 2010
Amendments to IFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i> , relating to Disclosures on Transfers of financial Assets	1 July 2012
Amendments to IFRIC 14 relating to Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirements	1 January 2012
IFRIC 19 <i>Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments</i>	1 July 2010
Improvements to IFRSs issued in 2010 covering except IFRS 3	1 January 2012,
Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IFRS 7, IAS 1, IAS 34 and IAS 27 which are effective	
And IFRIC 13	1 July 2010
IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i>	
Amendments to IFRS 1: Removal of Fixed Dates for First -Time Adopters	1 July 2012
Amendments to IFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation	1 July 2012

Management anticipates that these amendments will be adopted in the establishment's financial statements for the initial year when they become effective. It is anticipated that their adoption in the relevant accounting years will have impact only on disclosures within the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

3.4 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the Establishment's statement of financial position when the establishment has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset is any asset that is cash, a contractual right to receive cash or other financial asset, a contractual right to exchange financial instruments under conditions that are potentially favourable or an equity instrument.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments under conditions that are potentially unfavourable.

3.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

3.6 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured initially at the transaction cost. They are subsequently stated at net of provisions for impairment, which is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

3.7 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognized initially at the transaction price for the goods and services received, whether billed by the customers or not.

3.8 Impairment of non-financial assets other than inventories

Assets that are subject to depreciation and amortization are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. When there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

3.9 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the establishment has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

3.10 Revenue recognition

Income is recognised when: the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is possible that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met

3.11 Intangible Assets

IAS 38 requires an entity to recognise an intangible asset, whether purchased or self-created (at cost) if, and only if: [IAS 38.21]

- it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

This requirement applies whether an intangible asset is acquired externally or generated internally. IAS 38 includes additional recognition criteria for internally generated intangible assets.

The probability of future economic benefits must be based on reasonable and supportable assumptions about conditions that will exist over the life of the asset. [IAS 38.22] The probability recognition criterion is always considered to be satisfied for intangible assets that are acquired separately or in a business combination. [IAS 38.33]

Intangible assets that are deemed to have definite lives are amortized, primarily on a straight-line basis, over their useful lives, generally ranging from 1 to 20 years. Refer to Note 16.

4 Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

5 Financial risk management

5.1. Financial risk management objectives

The Establishment's management observes domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Establishment through analyzing risks exposure by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk.

The establishment seeks to minimize the effects of risks related to financial instruments. The establishment policies in this regards are set and approved by the management on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and the investment of excess liquidity.

5.2. Market risk

The establishment activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Establishment is not exposed to any significant interest rate risks.

5.3. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the establishment. The establishment obtains information about counterparty's credit worthiness from publicly available information and its own trading records.

Credit risk is primarily related to the trade and other receivable balance which were presented in the balance sheet net of provision from doubtful debt that was estimated by management based on prior experience and prevailing economic condition.

5.4 Foreign Currency Management

The establishment undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Hence exposures to the exchange rate fluctuations arise.

Currently the establishment is mainly exposed to the currency exchange risk related to the transactions denominated in the multi currencies. There is no currency exchange risk related to transactions denominated in the US dollars or currencies linked with it as the AED rate is fixed to the US dollar. The management undertakes suitable procedure to minimize risk associated with transactions denominated in currencies other than AED and USD.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

6	Cash on hand and at bank	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Cash in hand	-	-
	Bank balances	165,125	112,545
		165,125	112,545
7	Trade receivables	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Accounts Receivables	2,959,435	826,875
		2,959,435	826,875
8	Other receivables and prepayments	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Prepayments	20,625	20,625
		20,625	20,625
9	Trade payables	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Trade payables	874,778	341,500
		874,778	341,500
10	Provisions and accrued expenses	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Accrued expenses	285,400	137,500
		285,400	137,500
11	Shareholders' Current account	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
		AED	AED
	Opening balance	35,800	35,800
	Net movements	-	-
	Closing balance	35,800	35,800

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015.

12 Retained Earning	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
	AED	AED
Opening Balance	5,256,495	3,556,163
Net Profit for the year	3,578,223	1,700,332
Closing Balance	8,834,718	5,256,495
13 Revenue	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
	AED	AED
Revenue	10,146,588	5,492,288
	10,146,588	5,492,288
14 Direct Cost	AED	AED
	4,843,353	3,555,343
	4,843,353	3,555,343
15 Administrative expenses	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-14
	AED	AED
Lease Rent	15,000	15,000
Legal, visa and taxes	5,000	5,000
Insurance	1,500	1,500
Professional fee	120,000	62,000
Miscellaneous	36,450	15,663
Business Promotion Expenses & Travelling	759,425	111,350
Office Space Expenses	42,000	25,000
	979,375	235,513

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31st March 2015

16 Intangible Assets

<u>Cost</u>	<u>Intangible</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>assets</u>	
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
As at 1 April 2014	4,961,250	4,961,250
Additions during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2015	4,961,250	4,961,250
 <u>Accumulated Amortization</u>		
As at 1 April 2014	-	-
Amortization for the year	744,187	744,187
As at 31 March 2015	744,187	744,187
 <u>Net book value</u>		
As at 31 March 2015	4,217,063	4,217,063
 As at 31 March 2014	 4,961,250	 4,961,250

The company has incurred AED 4,961,250 on product development - EzIAM in the year 2013. The product development is a continuing process and same is being recognised for capitalisation in March 2015. The amortization of the product is in effect from 2015, as the same has been put in use.

17 Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

Except for the ongoing business obligations which are under normal course of business against which no loss is expected, there has been no other known contingent liability or capital commitment on Establishment's account as of balance sheet date.

18 Comparitative Figures

Previous year figure has been reflected in the financials for comparison purpose and the same has been regrouped wherever necessary.

